

Technological and Higher Education Institute of Hong Kong 香港高等教育科技學院



An Empirical Study on How Hung Shui Kiu New Development Area Affects Tin Shui Wai New Town Development: on the View of Planning and Development Perspective

Mr LAM Shun Chong Henry, BSc (Hons) in Surveying, Faculty of Design and Environment Supervisor: Sr TSE Tsz Chun Lawrence, Assistant Professor



INTRODUCTION

The Hung Shui Kiu New Development Area (HSK NDA) has highly affected neighbouring New Towns (NT), especially Tin Shui Wai (TSW), and even the development of the Northern Metropolis. The HSK NDA aims to be built as a regional centre to cope with issues in TSW NT, such as the overload of population, and enhance accessibility and the efficiency of development procedures.

OBJECTIVES

Aim: To analyze the development of TSW NT and HSK NDA from the planning and development perspective in order to enhance the future development of HSK NDA in Hong Kong.

1. To identify the planning strategy from the perspective of the

	TSW NT	HSK NDA	
Housing mix	75:25 (Public vs Private)	51:49 (in plan)	
	"85000" Policy has caused the	Targeted to balanced the	
	imbalanced housing mix of	housing mix	
	TSW		
Population	96,129 to 277,731 from	218,000 (in plan) fulfill the	
	1996 to 2021 (43,107 to	continuous increasing	
	68,368 on density)	population in Hong Kong	
Employment	Only 12,531 (9.3% of	150,000 (in plan) cope with	
Population/	population) work in the same	the lack of employment	
Opportunities	district	position in TSW NT	

FINDINGS AND DISCUSSIONS

Population

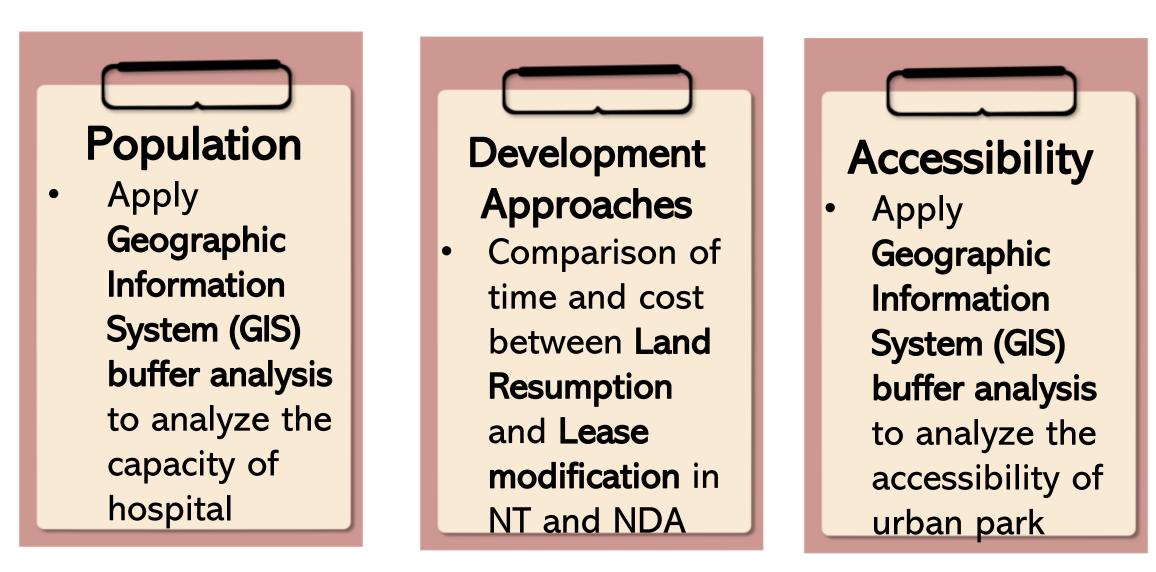
Location	HKPSG	Population	Ultimate	Provisions	Surplus/
	Standard		Requireme		Deficit

- population
- 2. To compare the development approaches of NT and NDA
- 3. To investigate the accessibility between NT and NDA

METHODOLOGIES

Literature Review: Review journal articles, government reports and research papers

Case Studies: TSW NT vs HSK NDA



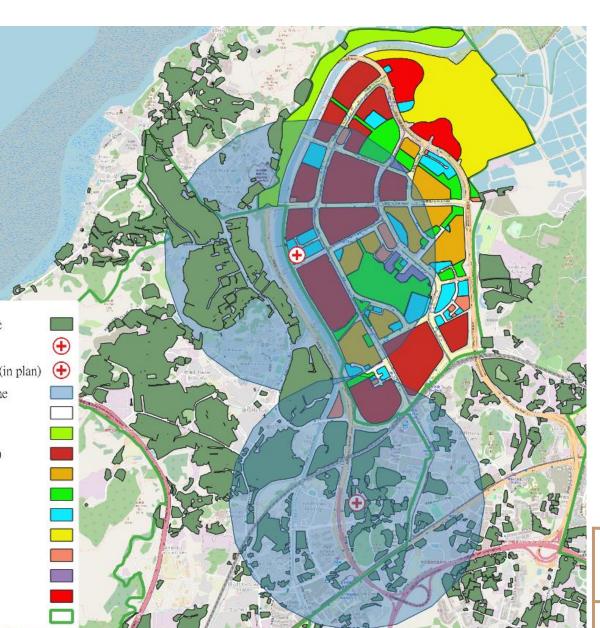
Development Approaches

			nts			
Tin Shui Wai Hospital	5.5 per	277,731 (2021)	1,528	300	-1,228	\bigwedge
Hung Shui Kiu Hospital	1000 person	218,000 (in plan)	1,199	2000 (in plan)	+801	Brownfield site TSW Hospital HSK Hospital (i
						11cm huffar zona

- Without other hospitals in **1km buffer zone** the public healthcare system in TSW will gradually be overloaded
- HSK hospital is built to serve the future increasing population

Accessibility

Location	Open Space	Population	Ratio of
	Area	in service	total
	(ha)	area	population
Tin Shui Wai Park	14.8	154,542	55.6%



- Enhance Conventional New Town Approach has been applied in the NDAs
- Time and cost could be reduced
- Simplified example: San Tin/Lok Ma Chau Development Node (7 years from feasibility study to providing disposed sites) (Wen Wei Po, 2022)

		/		
	Country Park OU Commercial CDA		TSW NT	HSK NDA
he future	Boundaries Figure 1: Buffer analysis of location of hospital in TSW and HSK	Development approach	Land Resumption	Land Resumption and Lease modification (including in-situ land exchange)
Ratio of total population 55.6%	500m Buffer Zone	Estimated Cost of Land Resumption	14.58 million (Legislative Council ,2012)	Land acquisition: 1.8 billion Ex-gratia allowances : 106.4 million (Development Bureau, 2022)
	Village Type Development Residential Regional Park Open Space G/IC OU Commercial	Executed		DD124 Lot 4312 (2020, R2 Zone,

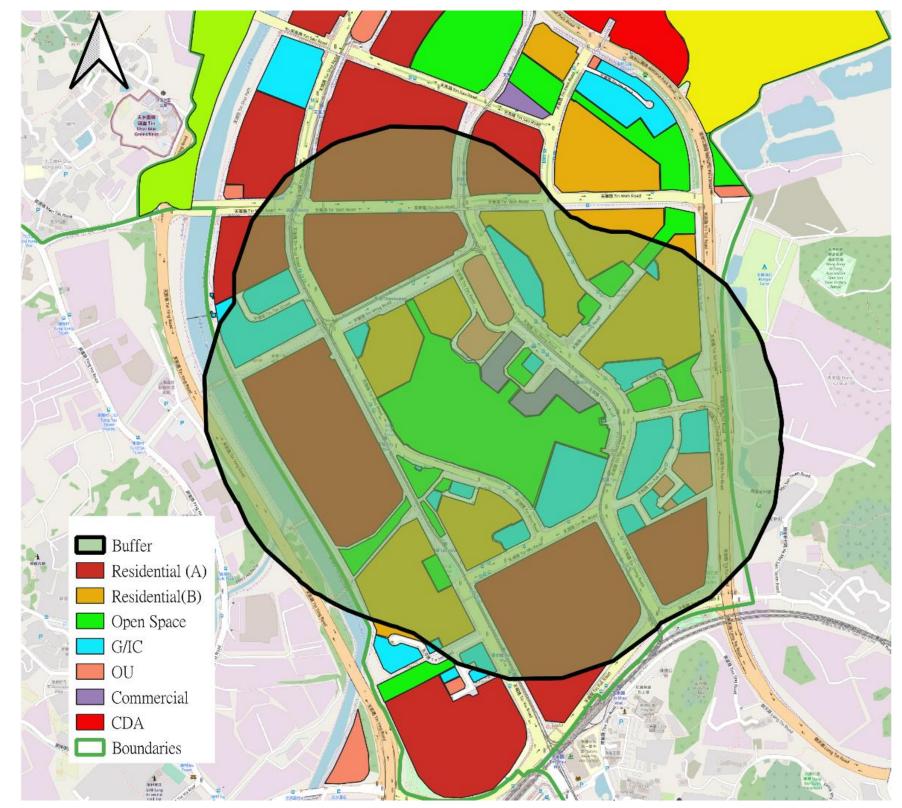


Figure 3: Buffer analysis of walking accessibility of the urban park in TSW



TSW Park encircled by both public and private housing Large amount of people are served under the **500m buffer distance**

Proposed regional park in HSW NDA is also located in the centre surrounded by different residential areas

CONCLUSION

Premium

2,128,700,000)

(Lands Department, 2022)

- NDA to more capacity for the healthcare system, which NT could not fulfil due to the maximum load of the NT
- NDA could develop more efficiently due to the changes in development approaches
- NDA is designed as a more sustainable district which transforms degraded rural lands into optimal land uses and becomes more accessible